

WORKED SOLUTIONS

VE2.4: VECTORS: INTERSECTING PLANES

Question

Find (a) the angle between and (b) parametric equations for the line of intersection of the two planes

$$P_1 : 2x + 4y - z = 4 \quad \text{and} \quad P_2 : x - 2y + z = 3$$

Worked Solution

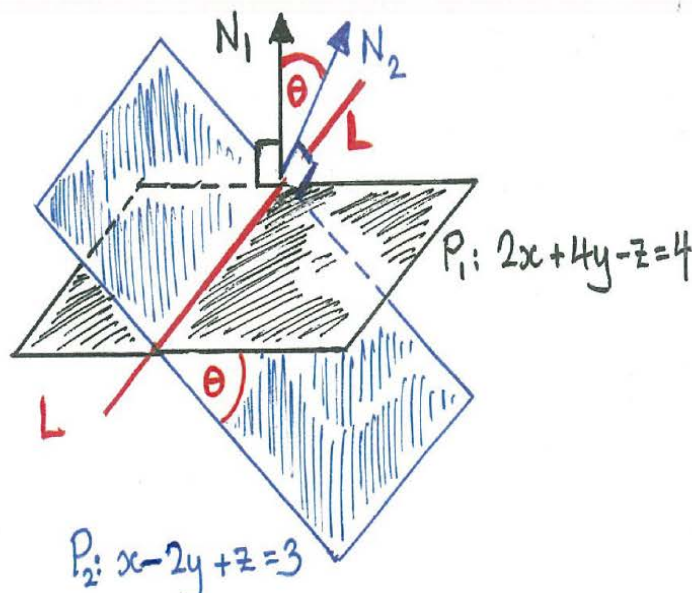
(a) The angle θ between planes P_1 and P_2 is the same as the angle between their normals N_1 and N_2 since each normal is perpendicular to its plane. See diagram below

$$P_1 : 2x + 4y - z = 4$$

$$N_1 = 2i + 4j - k$$

$$P_2 : x - 2y + z = 3$$

$$N_2 = i - 2j + k$$



Using scalar (dot) product $N_1 \cdot N_2 = |N_1||N_2| \cos \theta$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{N_1 \cdot N_2}{|N_1||N_2|}$$

where $|N_1| = \sqrt{(2)^2 + (4)^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{21}$ and $|N_2| = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (-2)^2 + (1)^2} = \sqrt{6}$

Hence $\cos \theta = \frac{(2, 4, -1) \cdot (1, -2, 1)}{\sqrt{21} \times \sqrt{6}} \Rightarrow \theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{-7}{\sqrt{126}} = 128^\circ$ //

NOTE: 2 answers are possible: 128° and 52° ($180 - 128$).

(b) Planes P_1 and P_2 intersect along the line L . See diagram. Substituting $z=t$ into P_1 and P_2 , where t is a real number.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x + 4y - t = 4 & \rightarrow & 2x + 4y - t = 4 + \\ x - 2y + t = 3 & - (x-2) \rightarrow & \frac{-2x + 4y - 2t = -6}{8y - 3t = -2} \\ & & \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{8}t \end{array}$$

Substituting for y into $x - 2y + t = 3$
 $x - 2(-\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{8}t) + t = 3 \Rightarrow x = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{4}t$

Hence, parametric equations are:

$$x = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{4}t, \quad y = -\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{8}t, \quad z = t$$
 //